

Drought Tolerance Traits for Improving Soybean Yield Under Stress

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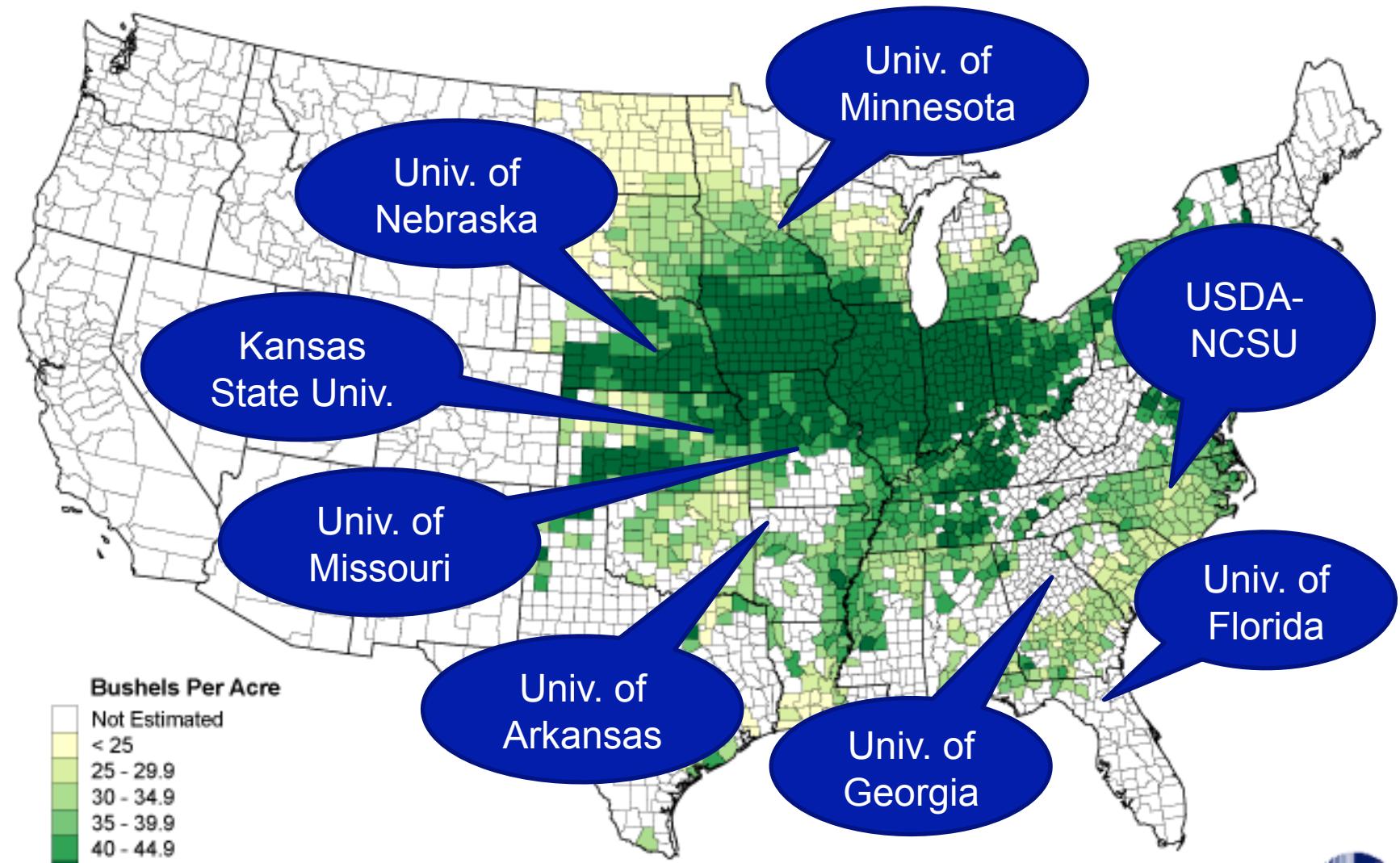
Drought?



Team Drought

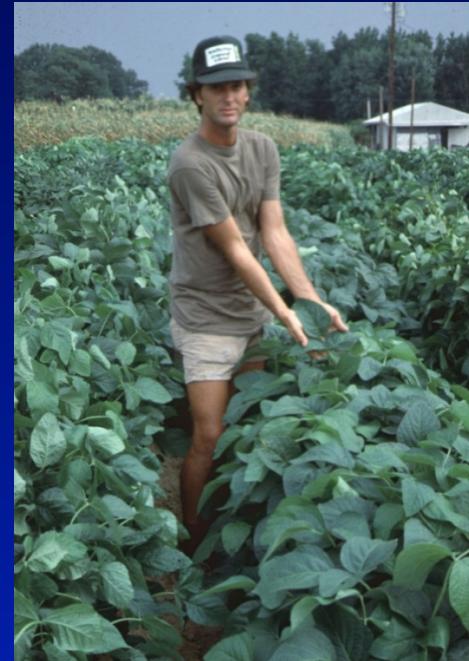


Research Contributions



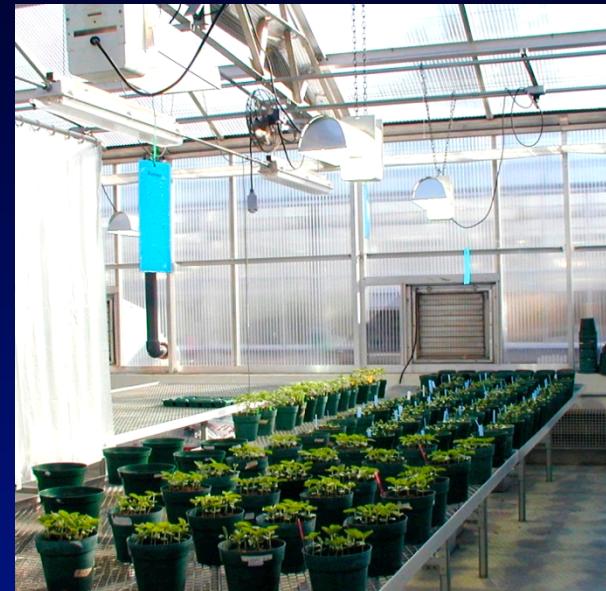
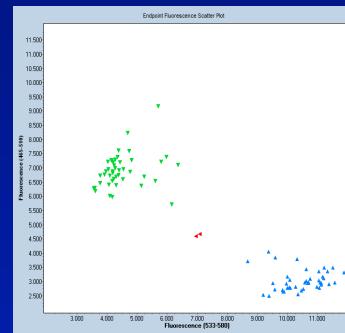
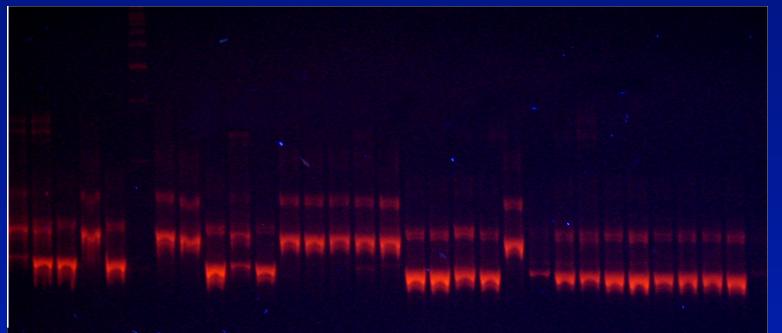
Research Goals

- Understanding drought tolerance
- Breeding for sustainable yield under drought stress



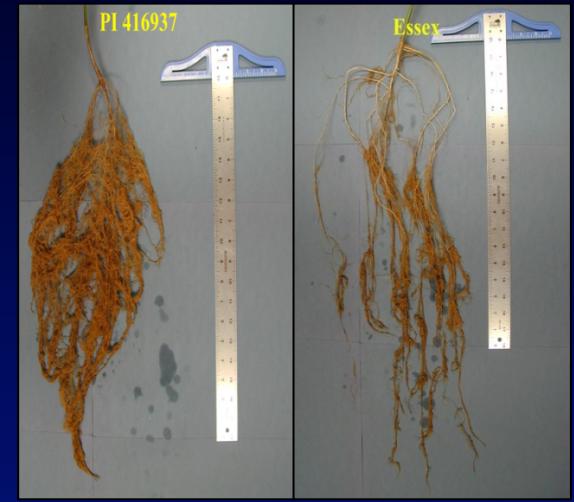
Research Approach

- Multidisciplinary:
 - Physiologic
 - Genetic
 - Molecular
 - Agronomic
 - Breeding



Traits of Interest

- Slow wilting
- N₂ fixation
- Rooting
- Yield



**Early 1980's
North Carolina**

Essex
Fast wilting

**Tommy
Carter**

PI 416937
Slow wilting

Discovery of the Slow-wilting Trait

SANDHILLS, North Carolina

Tommy's 2nd Home



Minnesota



Nebraska



Slow Wilting in Arkansas



Slow wilting

Fast wilting

Drought in Georgia

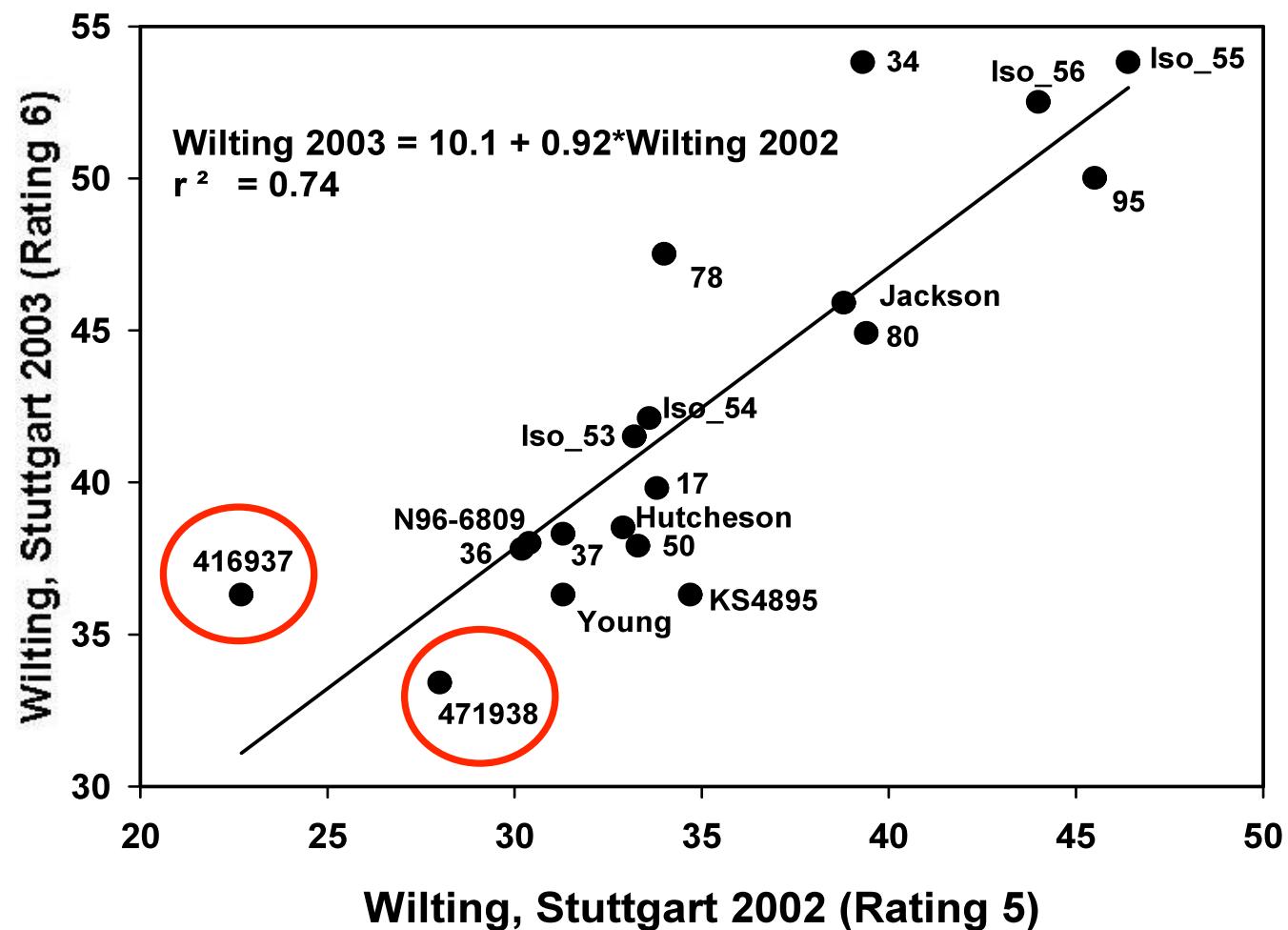


Slow Wilting Discovery



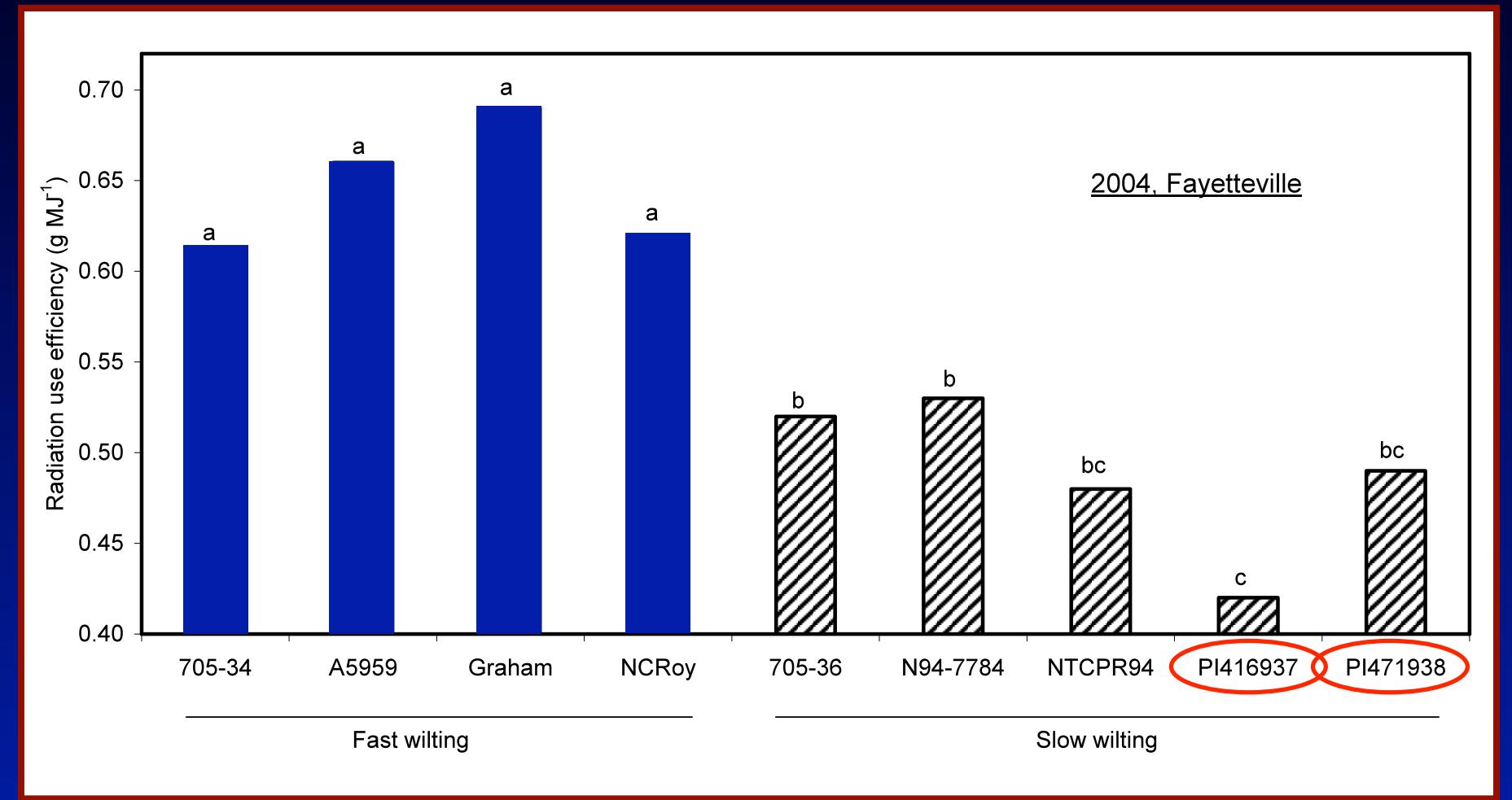
- N. Carolina → 5 Asian types
- Minnesota → 6 Asian types
- Nebraska → 10 Asian types
- Arkansas → 2 US types

Slow Wilting → A Stable Trait



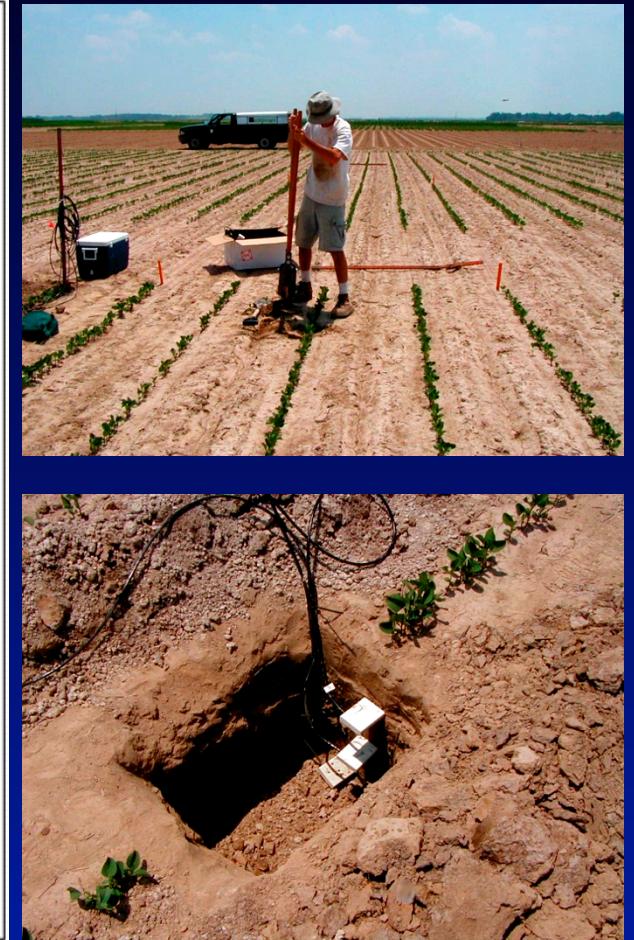
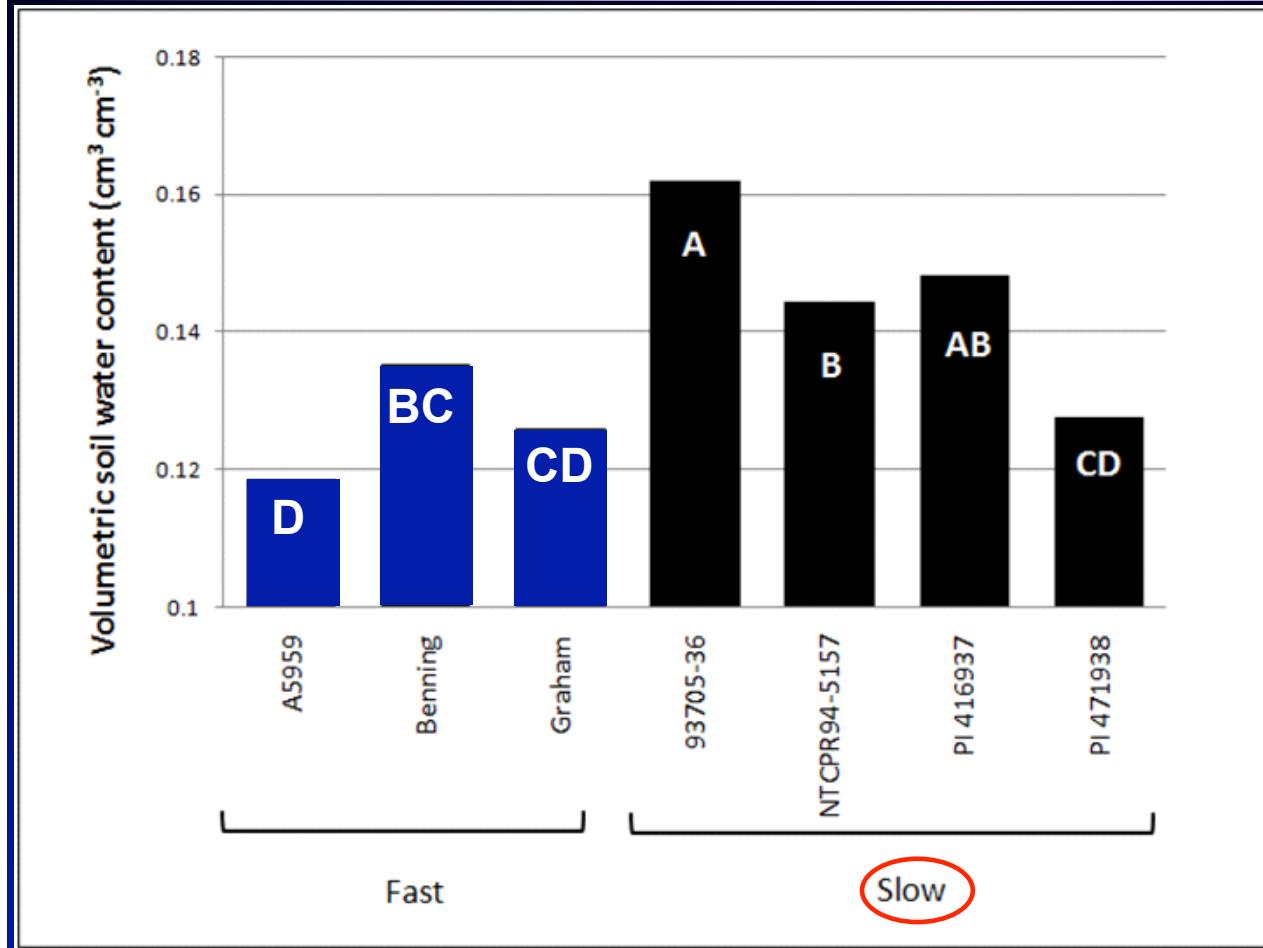
King, Purcell, and Brye. 2009. Crop Sci. 49:290-298.

Wilting vs Radiation Use Efficiency (RUE)



Ries, Purcell, Carter, Edwards, and King. 2012. *Crop Sci.* 52:272-281.

Wilting vs Soil Water Content



Ries, Purcell, Carter, Edwards, and King. 2012. *Crop Sci.* 52:272-281.

QTL Mapping & Yield Effect

- Benning x PI 416937

5 environments:

- AR (2007, 2009)
- NC (2009, 2010)
- KS (2010)

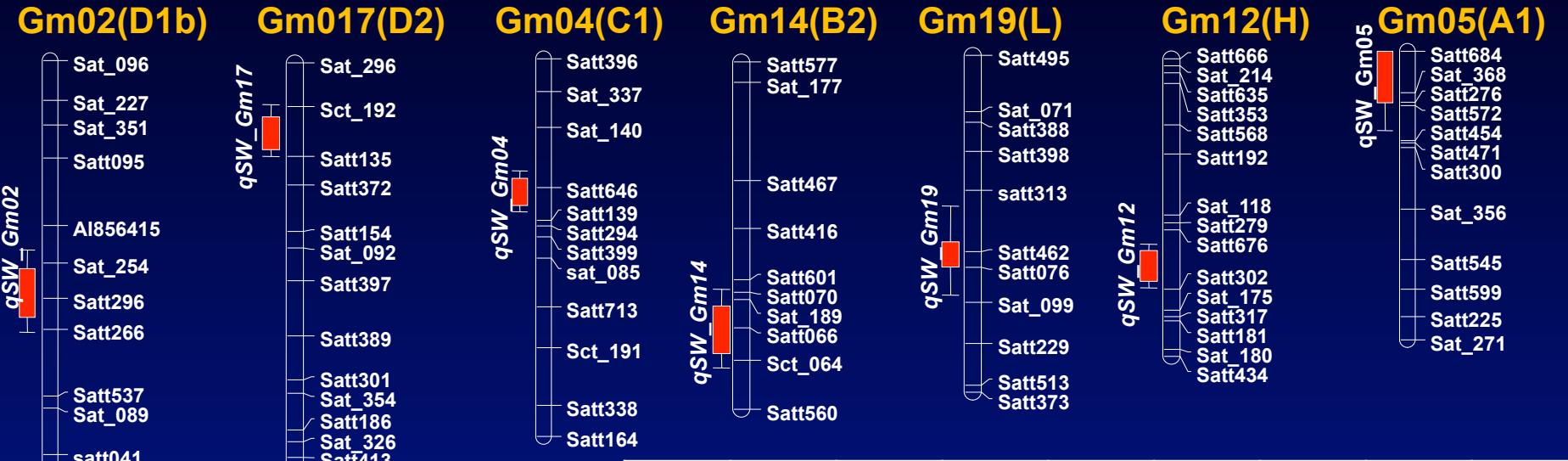
- Hutcheson x PI 471938

14 environments (2000, 2001)

- 9 irrigated & 5 non-irrigated



Wilting QTL (Benning x PI 416937)

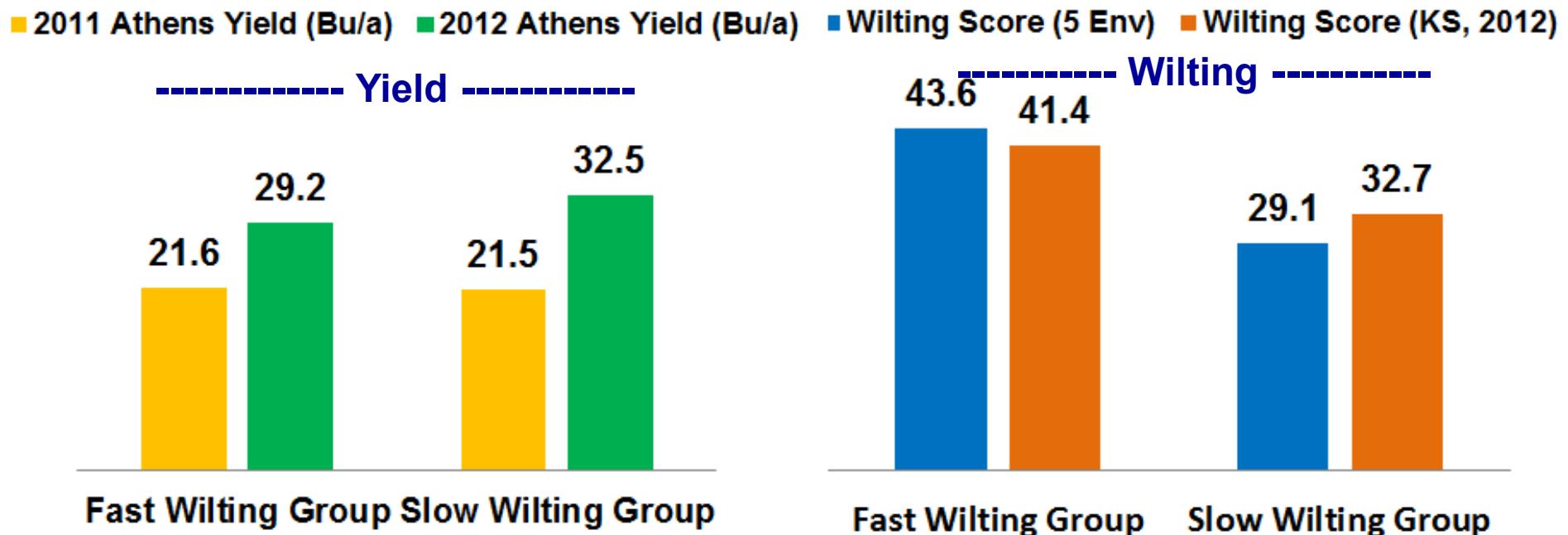


Chr	QTL Pos	LOD	R ²	AR07-QTL	AR09-QTL	KS10-QTL	NC09-QTL	NC10-QTL
Gm02	63.5	4.1	6	ns	ns	ns	ns	**
Gm04	36.9	7	9	**	ns	ns	ns	**
Gm05	8	2.6	4	**	ns	ns	**	ns
Gm12	56.8	9.1	27	**	**	**	**	**
Gm14	74.2	5.2	8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Gm17	20.2	7.8	13	ns	ns	ns	**	**
Gm19	55.7	3.2	8	ns	**	**	ns	ns

Abdel-Haleem et al, 2012
TAG 125:837-46

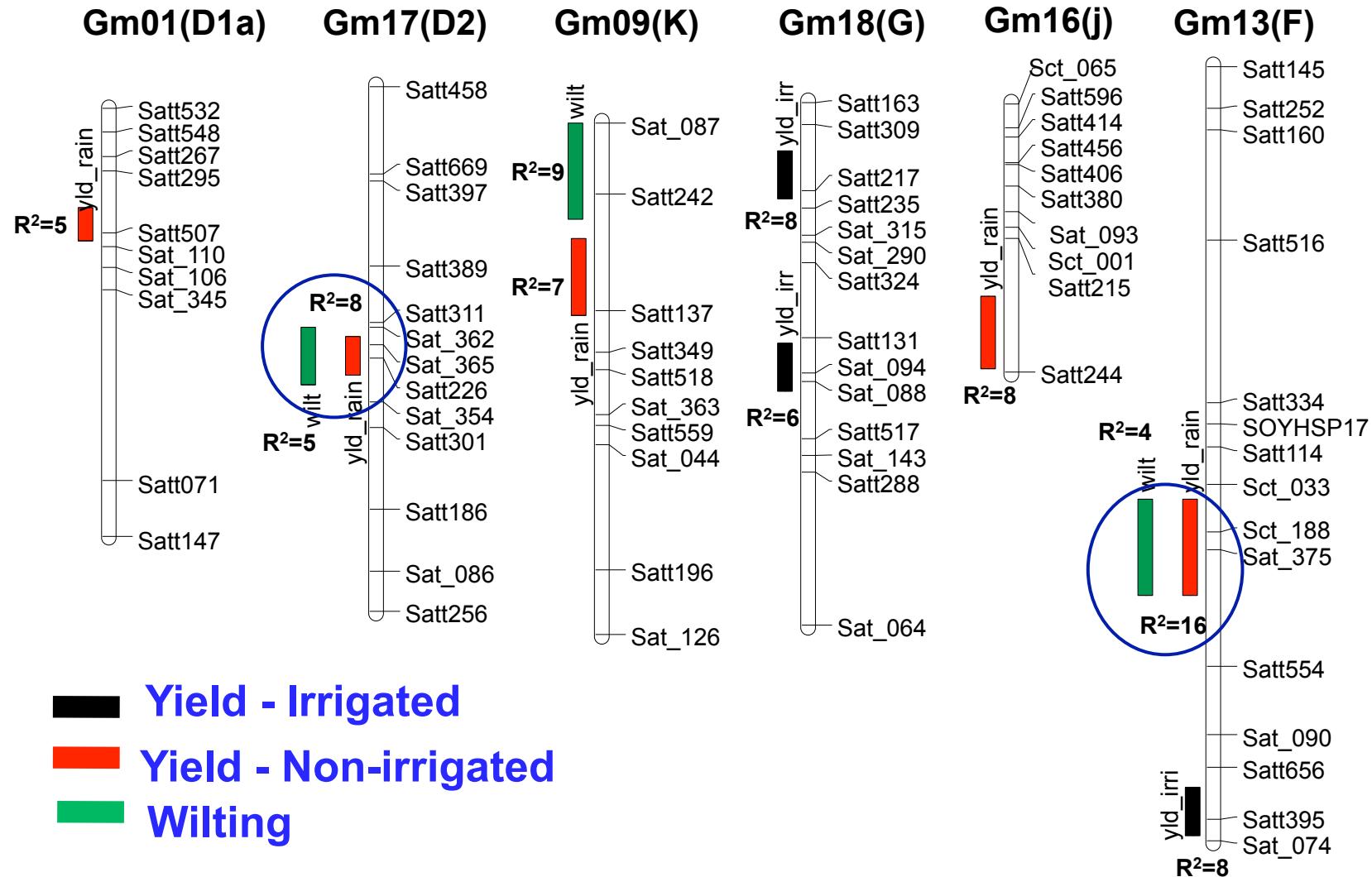
Wilting QTL Effect on Yield (PI 416937)

Slide from Li & Boerma



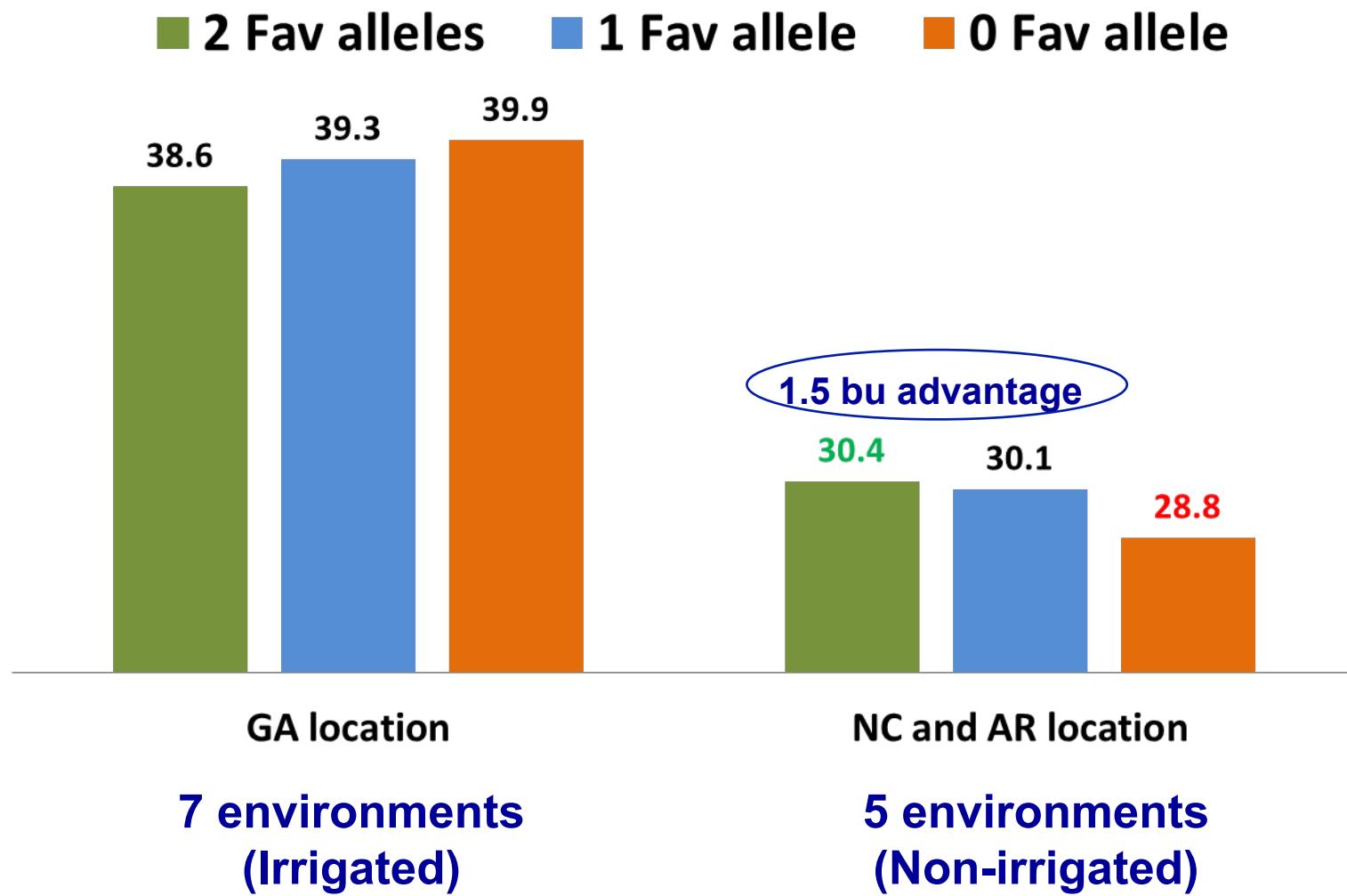
- 27 RILs from Benning x PI416937 based on canopy wilting
- No yield difference between the two groups in 2011
- 3.3 bu/a yield advantage in slow wilting group in 2012

Wilting & Yield QTL (Hutcheson x PI 471938)

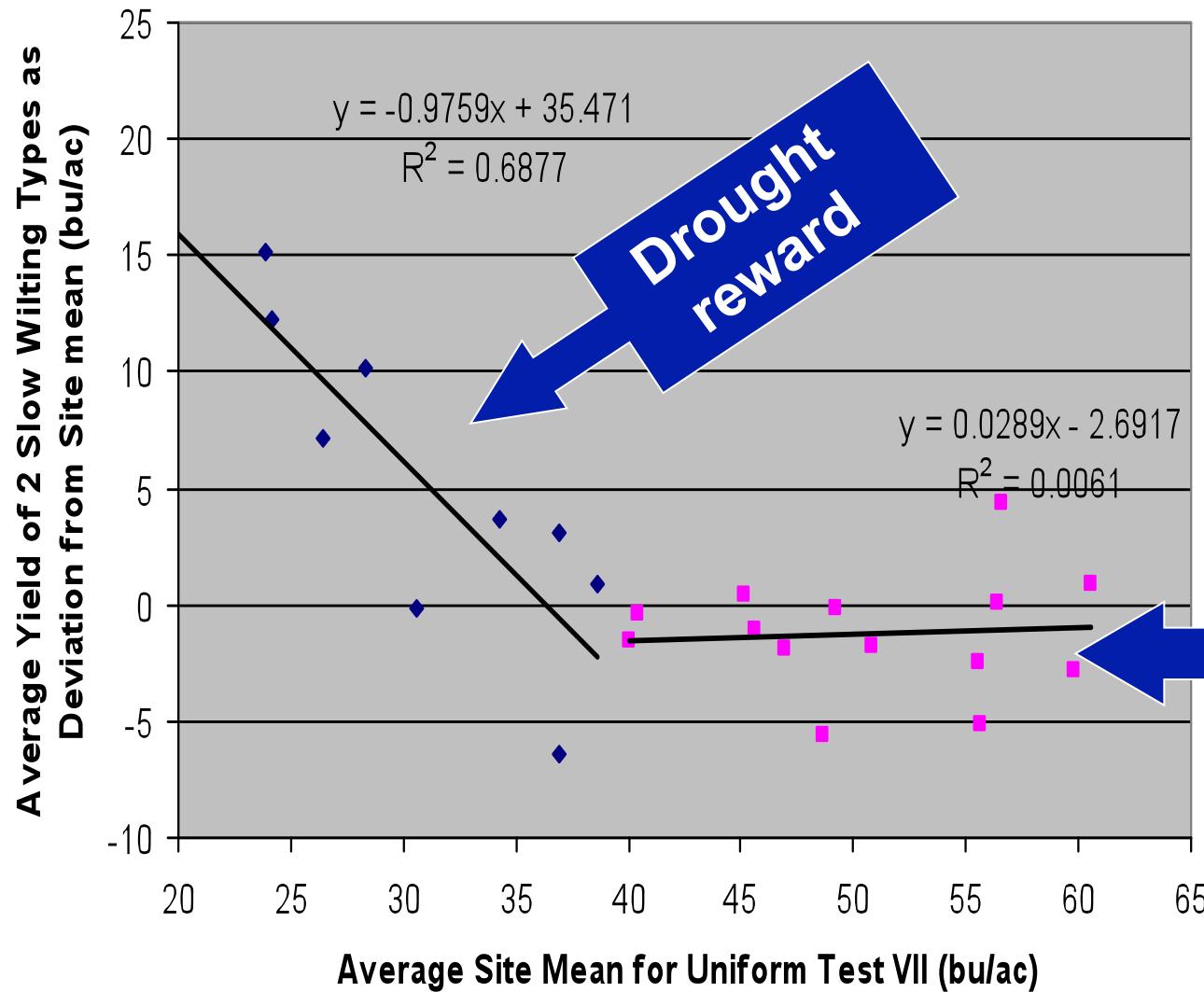


Wilting QTL Effect on Yield (PI 471938)

Slide from Li & Boerma



Yield of Slow-wilting Types in the USDA Uniform Test (2004-06)



Slide from Purcell

New Slow-wilting Line in USDA Regional Trials

Name	High-yield Environment	Low-yield Environment	<u>Characteristics:</u>
	> 55 (bu/ac)	< 55 (bu/ac)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 38% PI
N05-7432	59	45	<ul style="list-style-type: none">13% 416937
N8001 (Best check)	59	41	<ul style="list-style-type: none">25% 471938
Yield Adv.	0	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Slow wilting• Sustained N₂ fixation
# Locations	5	20	

Slide from Carter

A photograph of a man in a straw hat and white shirt standing in a field of green soybean plants. He is looking down at the plants. In the background, there is a line of trees and a small white tent on the right side.

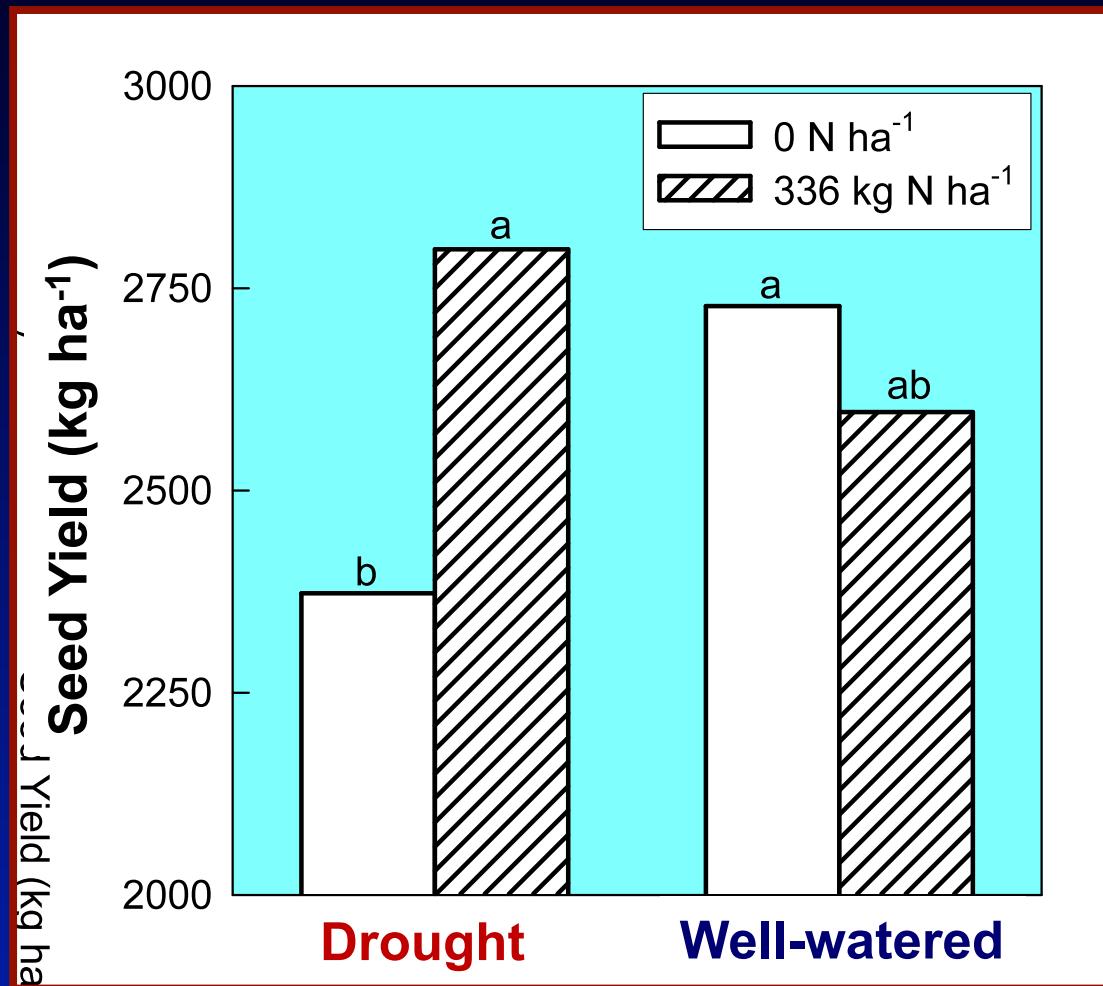
Slide from Carter

New Drought Line
N05-7432
Top Yielder

Sustained N₂ Fixation Under Drought

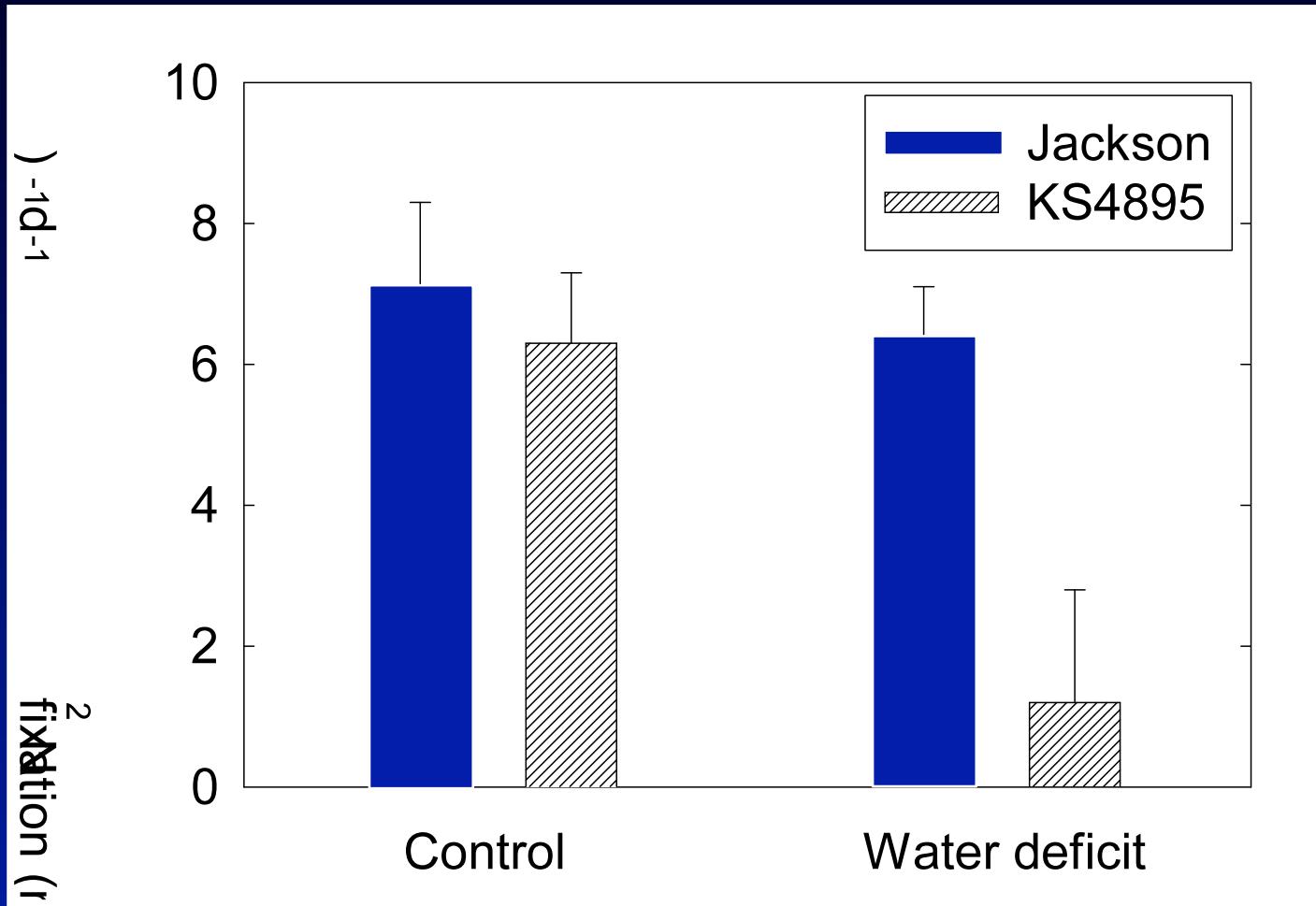


Nitrogen vs Yield Under Drought



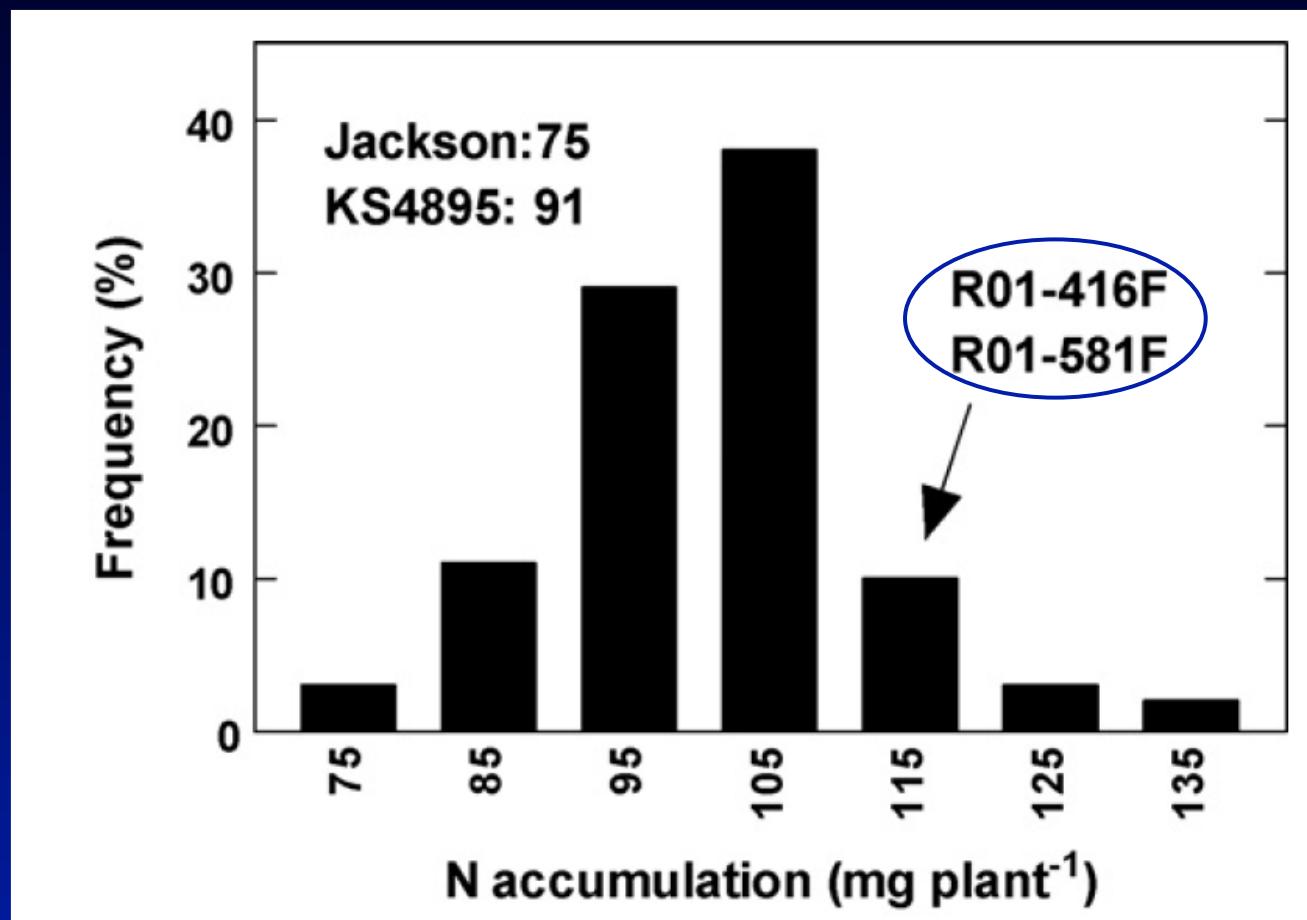
Purcell & King, 1996. J. Plant Nutr. 19:969-993.

Genotypic Difference in N₂ Fixation Under Drought



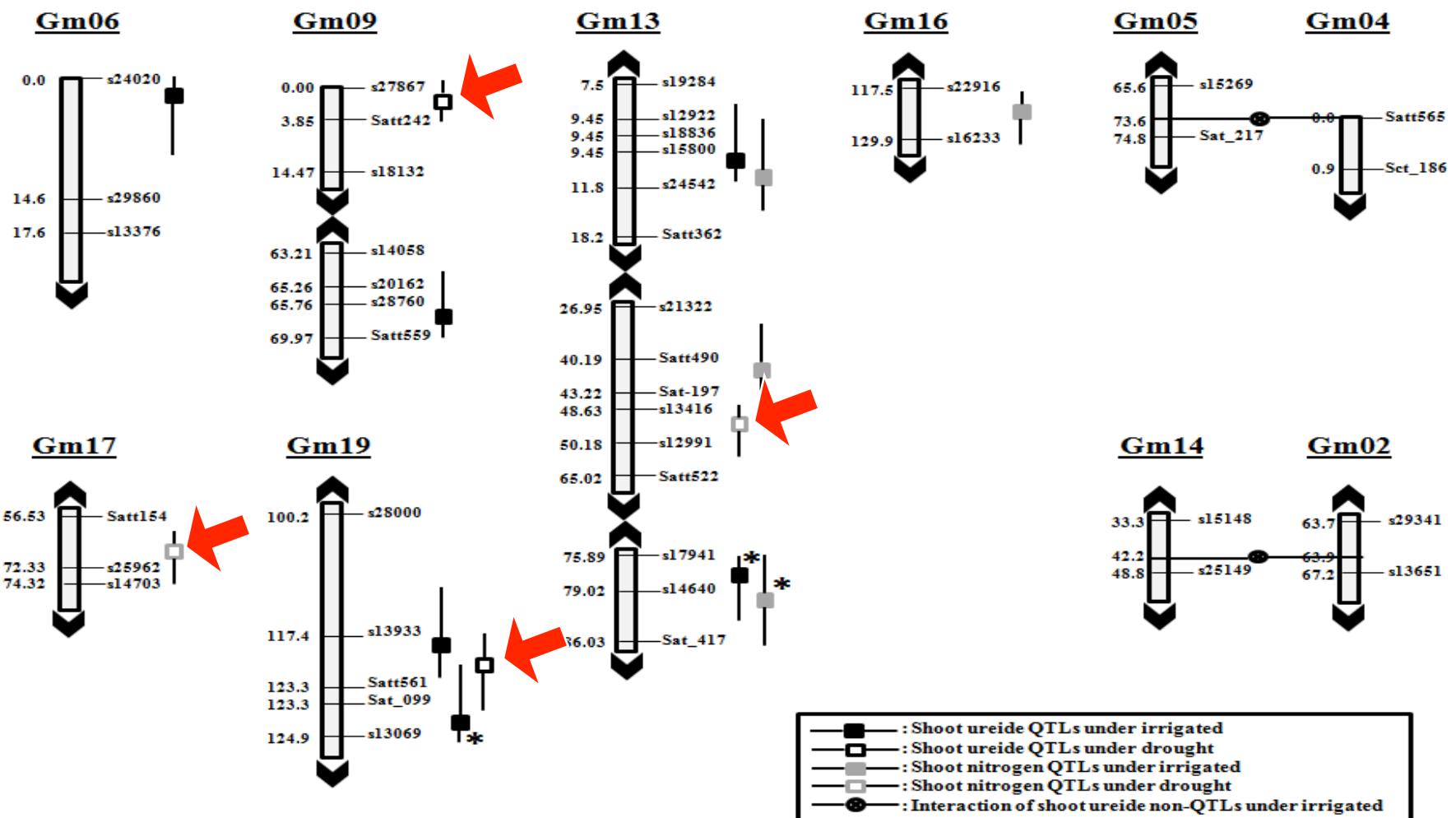
Purcell et al, 1997. Plant and Soil 196:101-113.

Nitrogen Accumulation (Jackson x KS 4895)

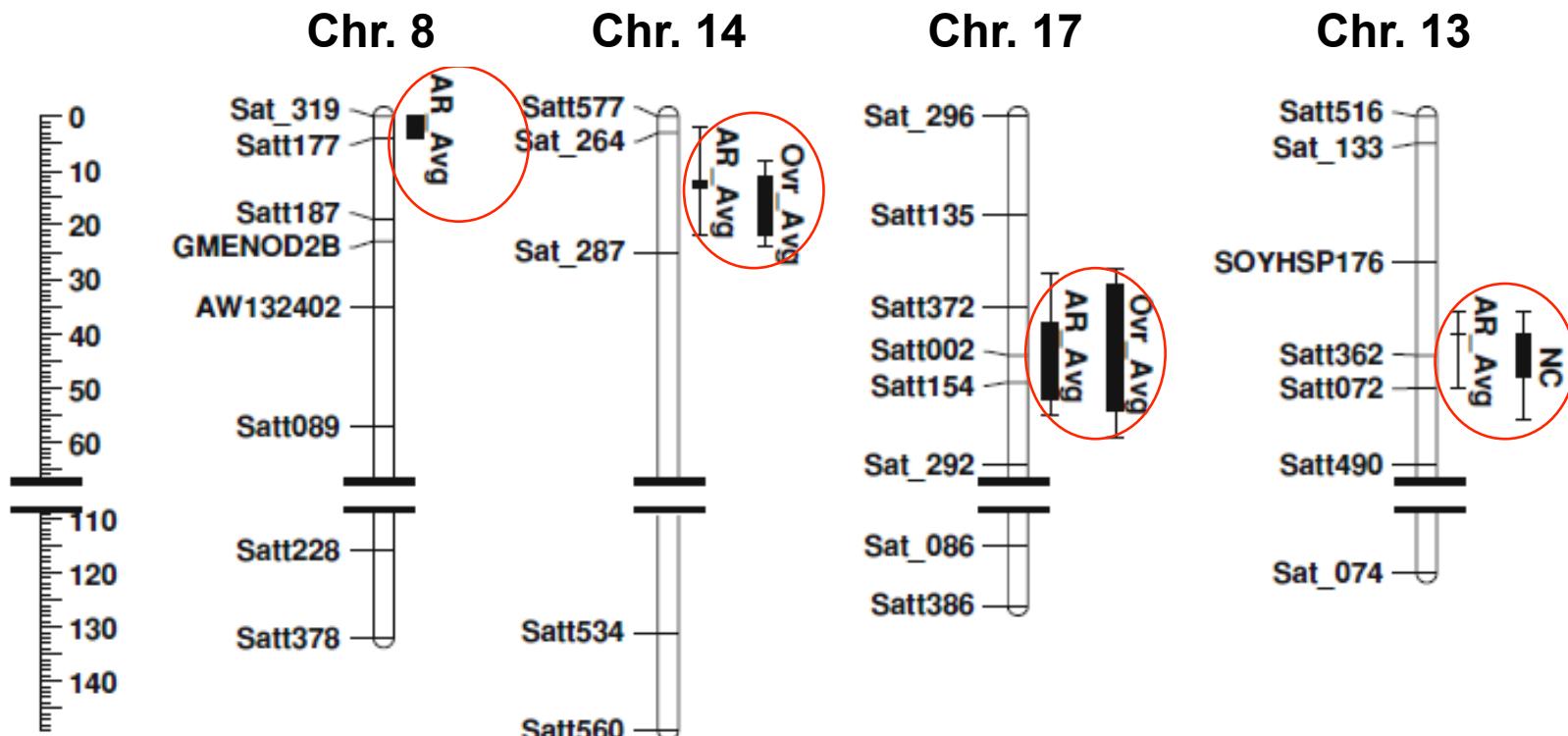


Sinclair et al, 2007. Field Crops Res. 101:68-71.

N₂ Fixation QTL Under Drought



Slow Wilting QTL in the Same N₂ Fixation Population



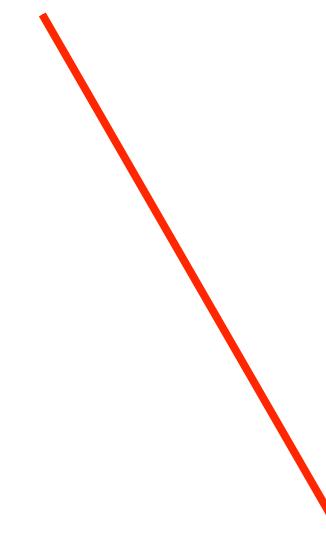
Charlson et al. (2009) Theor. Appl. Genetic. 119:587-594.

Two Sources of Prolonged N₂ Fixation Under Drought

Jackson ↓

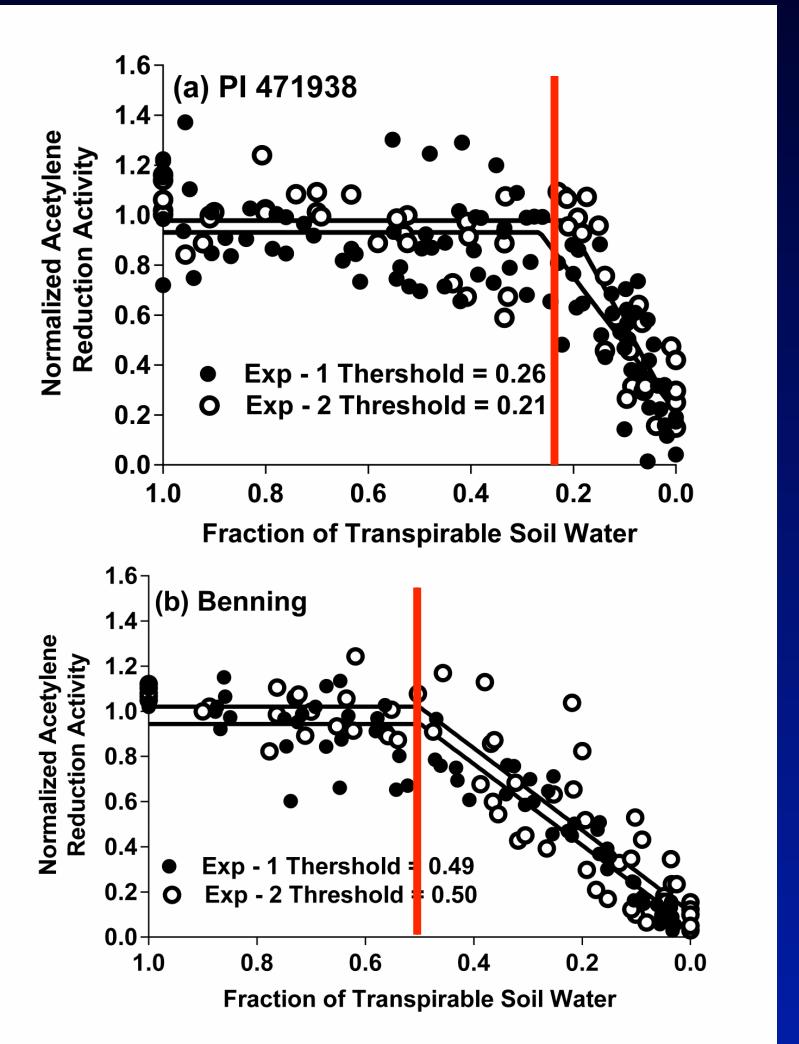
Normalized ARA

% N₂ Fix. Increase

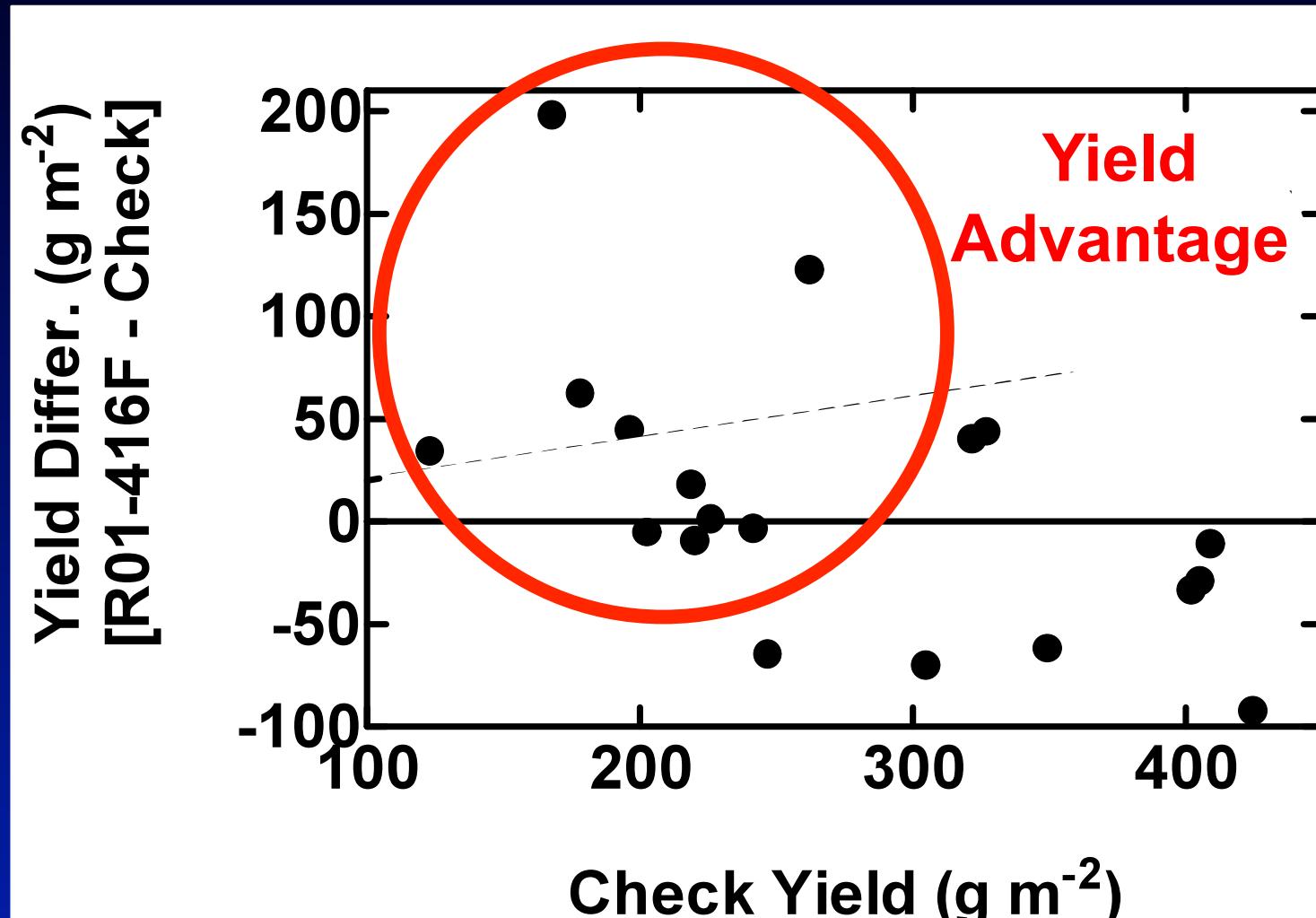


Slide from Sinclair

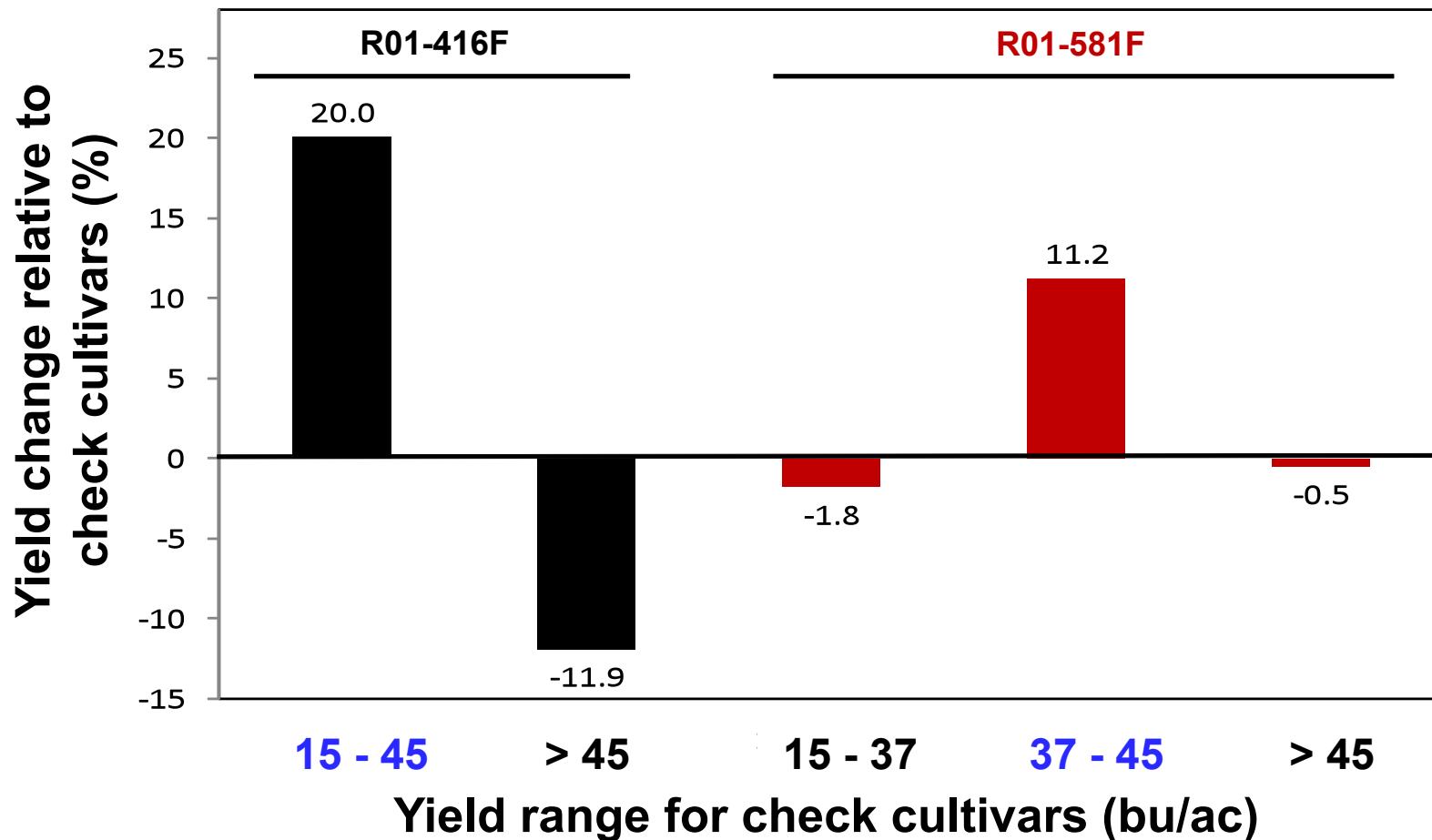
PI 471938 →



Yield Advantage with N₂ Fixation Under Drought



Yield Advantage with N₂ Fixation Under Drought



Sinclair, Purcell, King, Sneller, Chen, and Vadez. 2007. Field Crops Res. 101:68-71.

Soybean Root Characteristics

Using Available Water

Gaining access to more water through improved root architecture



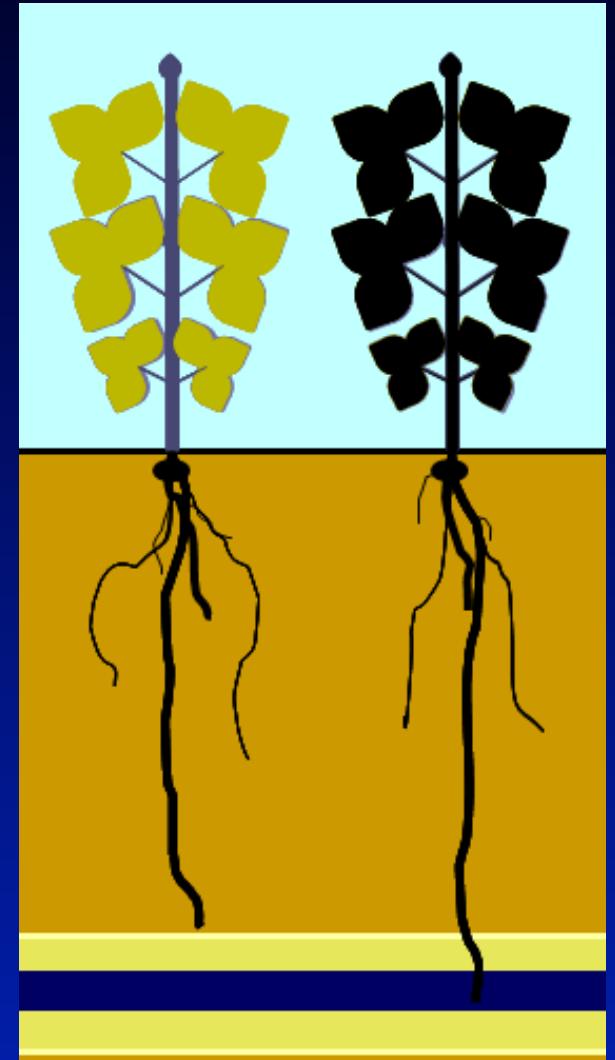
Root Characteristics

- Fast rooting
- Deep rooting / penetration
- Fibrous rooting



Conducting a “Root Race”

- Field trenches
1.2 m deep x 30 m long
- Drip irrigation line in each trench
- Injection of herbicide
- Rating of shoot symptoms



Root Race Observations

Early



Late

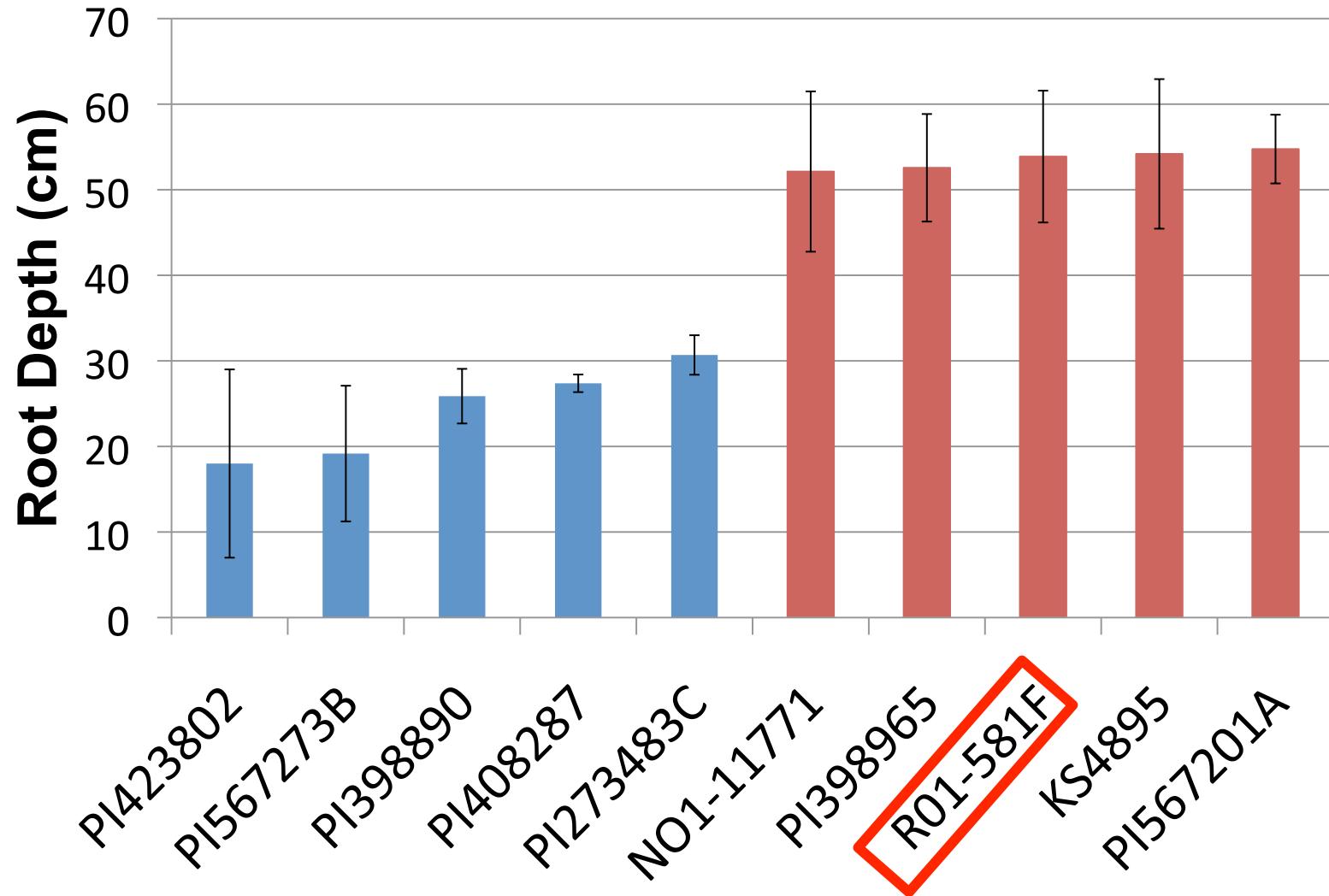


Deep Rooting - Slanted Tubes

Depth, elongation rate, and complexity



GH Confirmation for Rooting Depth



QTL for Fibrous Root

Slide from Li & Boerma

Benning x PI 416937

- Hill plots
- 2 locations
- Plots inverted at R5 using a peanut inverter
- Roots visually rated on the scale 1 (course roots) to 8 (high fibrous roots)



Fibrous Root QTL (Benning x PI 416937)

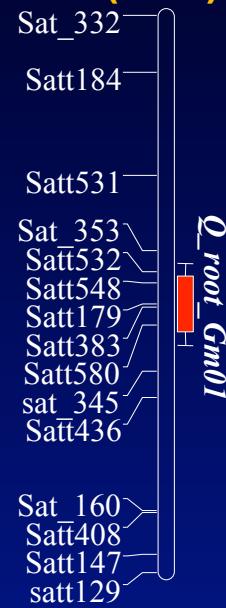
Gm08 (A2)



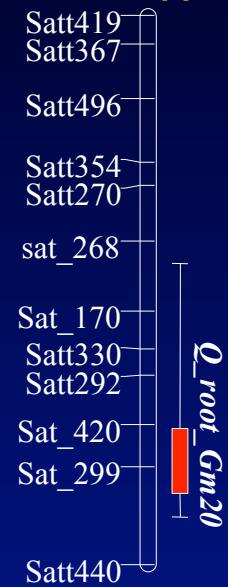
Gm04 (C1)



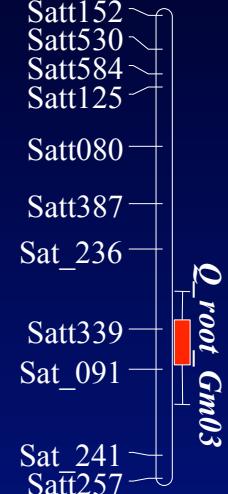
Gm01 (D1a)



Gm20 (I)



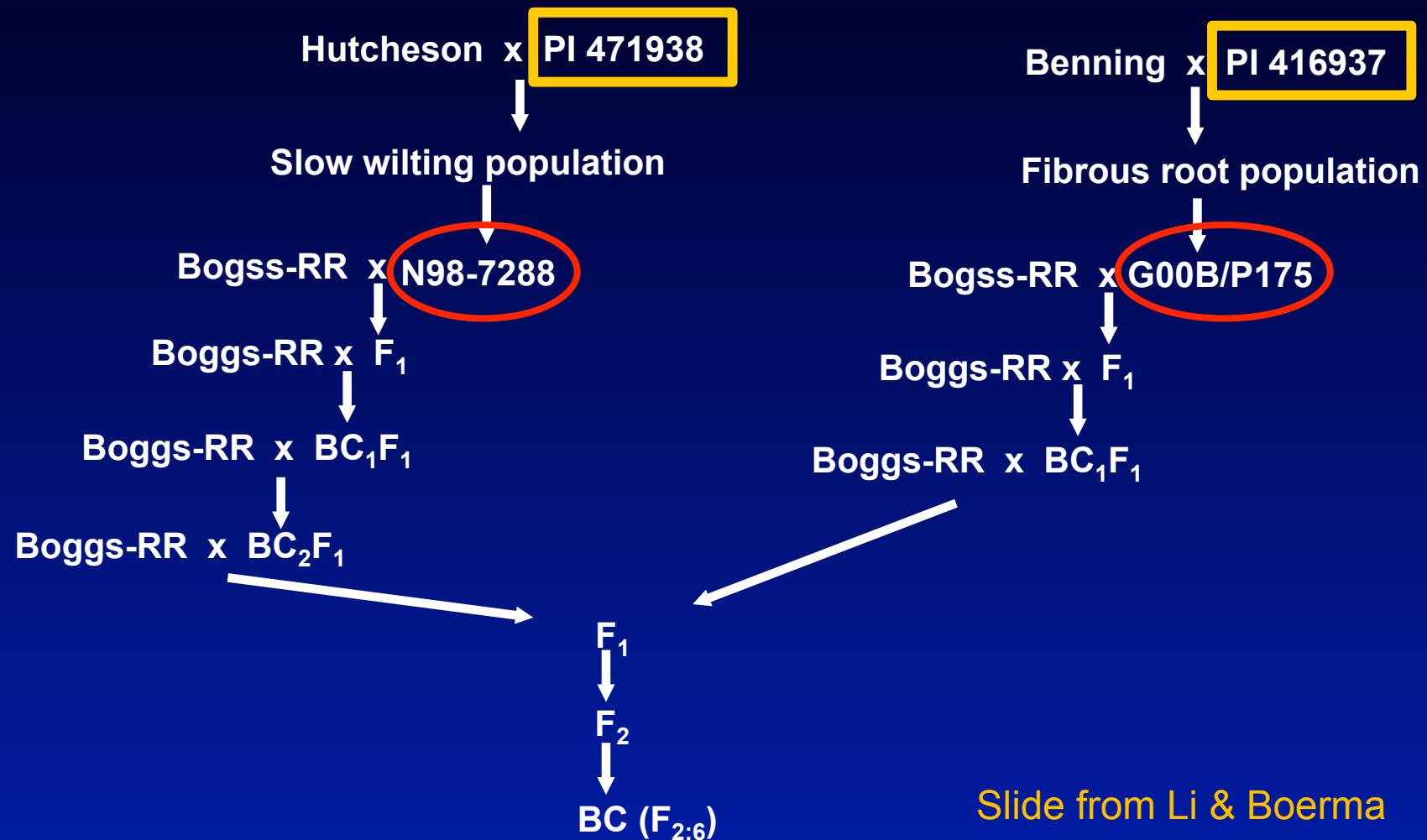
Gm03 (N)



Chr.	QTL position	LOD	R ² (%)	FAV allele
Gm01	50.5	2.6	8	PI416937
Gm03	57.3	5.3	14	PI416937
Gm04	77.2	3.6	7	PI416937
Gm08	149.6	5.7	13	PI416937
Gm20	77.8	3.3	8	Benning

Abdel-Haleem et al, 2010
TAG 122:935-946.

Pyramiding Slow Wilting and Fibrous Root QTL from PI 471938 and PI 416937



Slide from Li & Boerma

Backcross Slow Wilting & Fibrous Root QTL from PI 416937 into Elite Lines

- Elite Lines
 - G00-3213
 - G00-3880
 - NE3001
- QTL
 - 6 slow wilting QTL
 - 4 fibrous root QTL



Summary of QTL Discoveries

TRAIT	SOURCE	CHROMOSOME																		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	20		
Slow wilting	PI 416937		X		X	X						X		X			X	X		
Slow wilting	PI 471938									X			X				X			
Slow wilting	Jackson x KS4895								X				X	X			X			
Fibrous rooting	PI 416937	X		X	X				X										X	
Drought yield	PI 471938	X								X			X		X	X	X			
N ₂ Fix - Ureide	Jackson x KS4895						X			X			X					X		
N ₂ Fix - Shoot N	Jackson x KS4895												X			X				

Slide from Carter

Unexpected Benefits of Drought Stress Research

Traits	PI 416937	PI 471938
Slow wilting	✓	✓
N ₂ fixation		✓
Fibrous rooting	✓	
High-yield genes	✓	✓



Ongoing Research & Future Directions

- Drip irrigation
- Canopy screening
- Drought-yield index
- Flooding



Drip Irrigation in Nebraska

Slide from Graef



Canopy Screening



Drought-yield Selection

- Drought-yield index
- Early selection → progeny rows
- Selection under stress → predict yield rankings



Drought vs Flood

Not enough water ?

Too much water ?

Related mechanisms ?



Field Flood Tests

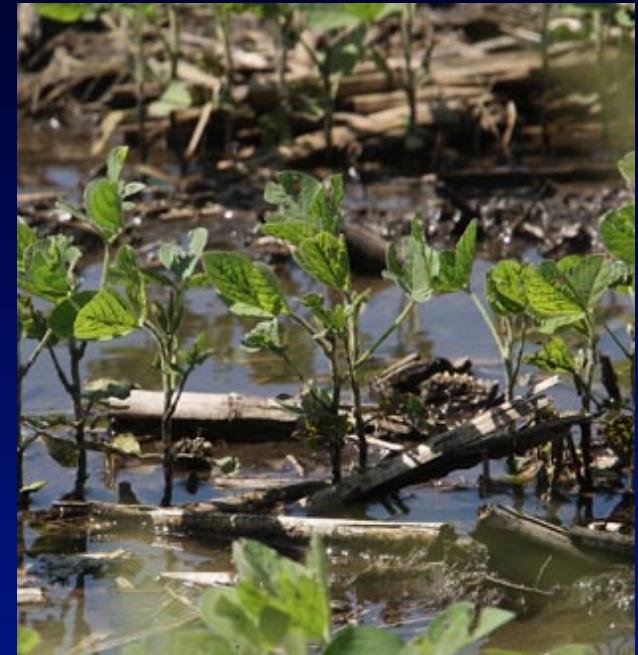


Varietal Differences



Flood Tolerant Lines

- UA 4805
- Ozark
- Osage
- Anand
- Manokin
- NC-Roy
- Young
- Boggs-RR
- Narrow



RA-452, PI 471931, PI 471938

Also Drought Tolerant!

Drought Tolerance

- A complex trait
- A long pursuit
- Some promising results
- More work ahead!



New USB Project

- Drought
- Heat
- Flood



**Thank you!
Special thanks to:**

